



Open Science Grid

Intro to the Virtual School Pilot, HTC, and OSG

Monday, July 13

Tim Cartwright, Lauren Michael



Welcome to the **OSG Virtual School Pilot 2020!**

Why You Are Here

- You need large-scale, HTC-style computing – or support researchers who do
- **Do not let computing block your research!**
 - Computing is cheap and plentiful
 - Push the limits of what you can do
 - If you run out of science to do, transcend the boundaries of your science
 - When computing becomes a barrier, push us to fix the problems
- Help & encourage others:
In your lab, in your department, in your field, friends, etc.

Goals

- Help you learn the basics of HTC quickly
- **Reach your own objectives!**

Format

- **Lectures:** Tue, Wed, Thu + Tue – 11 am · 3 pm CT
- **Showcase** (2nd Wed): science transformed by HTC
- **Bonus topics** (2nd Wed): optional, mentor can help pick
- **Work times:** Most days – *strongly* encouraged, if you can
- **Consultations:** Meet one-on-one with your mentor
- **Lightning talks** (2nd Fri): optional, chance to show work

Mentor

- Your primary point of contact
But you will work with others, too!
- Will help set goals, monitor progress, find resources/solutions, etc.
- When in doubt, contact your mentor
(or Tim or Lauren or any staff member)

Communication Tools

- **Blackboard Collaborate**
Lectures, Work times when needed, Showcase
- **Slack**
All the time! #general, topics, DMs
- **Zoom** (or other)
Scheduled for one-on-one meetings or small groups
- **Website**
Slides, exercises, lectures (eventually), schedule, etc.

Feedback Is Vital

- Tell us what we could do better
- Any time, any staff member, any reason, ...
- Planning on 2 evaluation surveys

We are here for you!!!



Intro to HTC and OSG

Overview

- What is *high throughput computing (HTC)* ?
- What is the Open Science Grid (OSG)?
- How do you get the most out of the above?

HTC: An Analogy



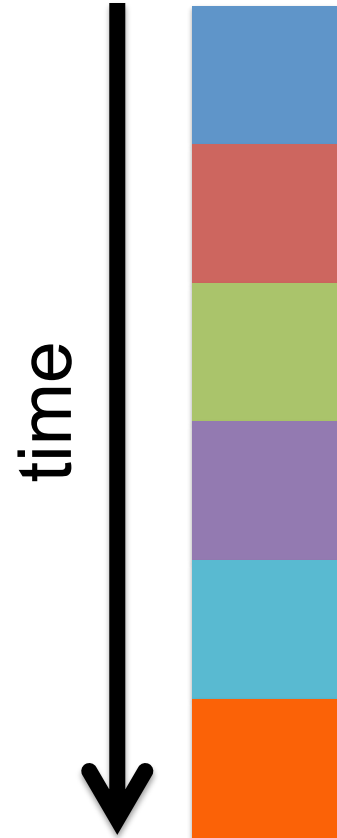
HTC: An Analogy



Serial Computing

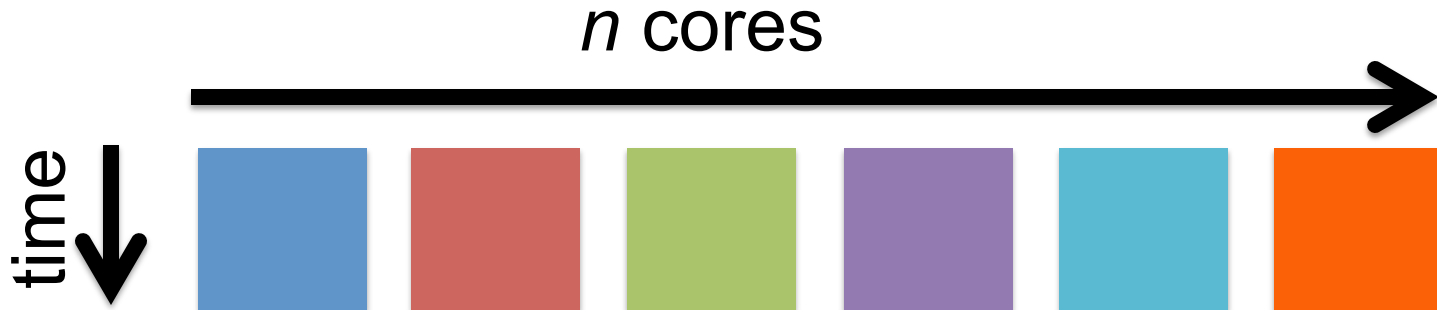
What many programs look like:

- *Serial execution*, running one task at a time
- Overall compute time grows significantly as individual tasks get more complicated (long) or if the number of tasks increases
- ***How can you speed things up?***



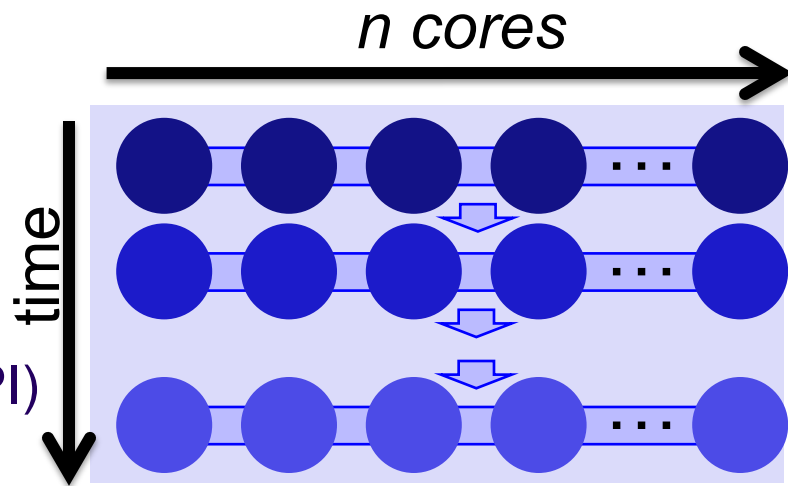
High Throughput Computing (HTC)

- Parallelize!
- Independent tasks run on different cores



High Performance Computing (HPC)

- Benefits greatly from:
 - CPU speed + homogeneity
 - shared filesystems
 - fast, expensive networking (e.g. Infiniband) and servers co-located
- Requires special programming (MP/MPI)
- Scheduling: **Must wait until all processors are available**, *at the same time and for the full duration*
- ***What happens if one core or server fails or runs slower than the others?***

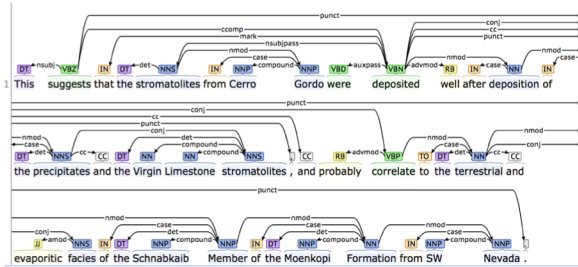


High Throughput Computing (HTC)

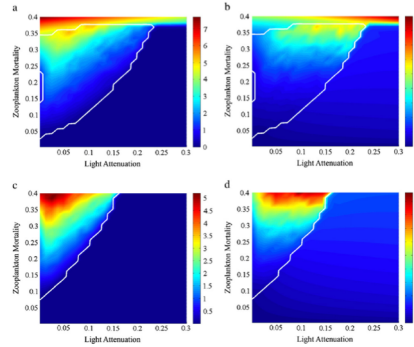


- Scheduling: only need **1 CPU core for each** (shorter wait)
- Easier recovery from failure
- No special programming required
- Number of concurrently running jobs is *more* important
- CPU speed and homogeneity are *less* important

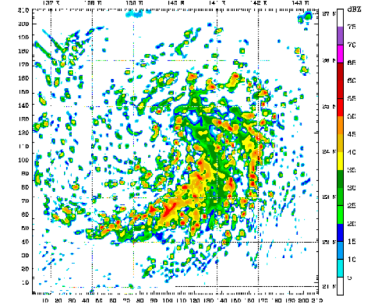
HTC Examples



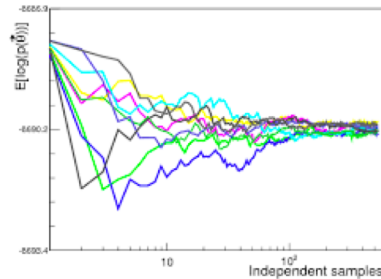
text analysis (most genomics ...)



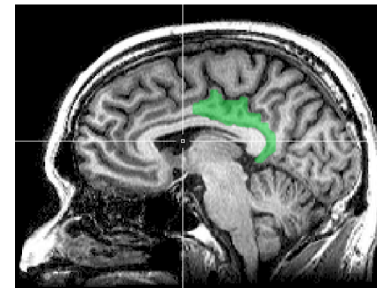
parameter sweeps



multi-start simulations

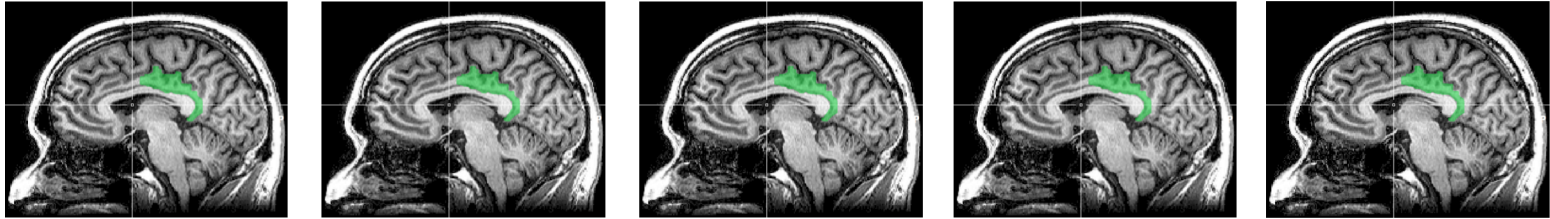


statistical model optimization
(MCMC, numerical methods, etc.)



multi-image and
multi-sample analysis

Example Challenge



You need to process 48 brain images for each of 168 patients. **Each image takes ~1 hour of compute time.**

168 patients x 48 images = ~8000 tasks = ~8000 hrs

Conference is next week.

Distributed Computing

- Use many computers, each running one instance of our program
- Example:
 - 1 laptop (1 core) => 8,000 hours = ~1 year
 - 1 server (~40 cores) => 500 hours = ~1.5 weeks
 - 1 large job (400 cores) => 20 hours = ~1 day
 - **A whole cluster (8,000 cores) = ~1 hour**

Signs of HTC-able work

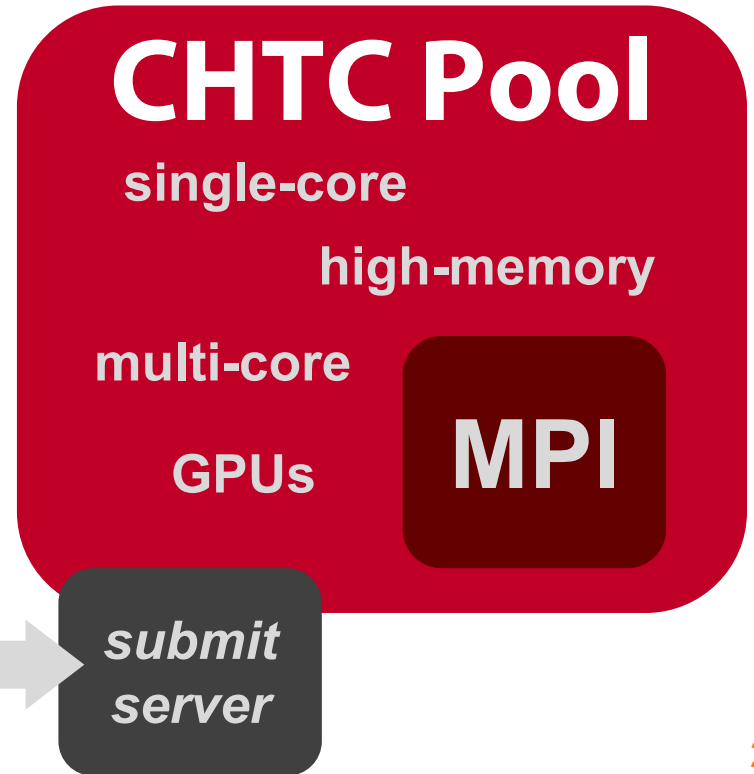
- Any mention of **numerous** samples, images, models, parameters, etc.
- Nearly anything **written by the primary user** (e.g. c/fortran, Python, R)
 - Break out of loops!
 - Common internal parallelism could really be HTC (e.g. Matlab's 'parfor', 'distributed server', etc.)
- Some community softwares that use **multi-threading or multiprocessing** (e.g. OpenMP)
 - many are simply looping over data portions or independent tasks
 - HTC-able: break up input (or 'parameter' space), turn off multi-threading, combine results
- **Long-running** jobs (especially if non-MPI); see above explanations

What computing resources are available?

- A single computer?
- A local cluster?
 - Consider: What *kind* of cluster is it? Typical clusters tuned for HPC (large MPI) jobs may not be best for HTC workflows! Do you need even more than that?
- Open Science Grid (OSG)
- Other
 - European Grid Infrastructure
 - Other national and regional grids
 - Commercial cloud systems (e.g. HTCondor on Amazon)

Example Local Cluster

- UW-Madison's **Center for High Throughput Computing (CHTC)**
- Recent CPU hours:
 - ~120 million hrs/year (~15k cores)
 - Up to 15,000 per user, per day (~600 cores in use)



Open Science Grid

- (d)HTC for Everyone
 - ~100 contributors
 - **Past year:**
 - >1.6 billion CPU hours
 - >200 petabytes transferred



- Can submit jobs locally, they backfill across the country
- interrupted at any time (but not too frequent)
- <https://www.opensciencegrid.org/>

Is it OSG-able?

Per-Job Resources	Ideal Jobs! (up to 10,000 cores, per user!)	Still Very Advantageous!	Probably not...
cores (GPUs)	1 (1; non-specific)	<8 (1; specific GPU type)	>8 (or MPI) (multiple)
Walltime (per job)	<10 hrs* *or checkpointable	<20 hrs* *or checkpointable	>20 hrs
RAM (per job)	<few GB	<10 GB	>10 GB
Input (per job)	<500 MB	<10 GB	>10 GB
Output (per job)	<1 GB	<10 GB	>10 GB
Software	<i>'portable' (pre-compiled binaries, transferable, containerizable, etc.)</i>	<i>most other than →→→</i>	<i>licensed software; non-Linux</i>

For Researchers and Campuses

Proactive, personalized facilitation and support for:

- Individual researchers via **OSG Connect**
- Institutions and large collaborations
 - **Share local resources** via OSG
 - Locally-supported **submit points**
 - data and identity federation
 - integration of cloud capacity
 - Local HTC Capacity
 - Learn from OSG's **Research Computing Facilitators**
- **Presentations/Training** in OSG compute execution, HTC Facilitation, and local HTC systems administration

